#### BASIC RULES TO PREVENT FOOD POISONING

Foodborne infections, commonly called food poisoning, are caused by the presence of bacteria and other microorganisms in the food we eat.



## **WASHING**

### KEEP YOUR HANDS AND SURFACES CLEAN!

- Wash your hands with warm water and soap before and after handling food and after using the toilet facilities.
- Dry your hands with paper towels.
- Wash all kitchen utensils and equipment with hot water and detergent after preparing each food item and before moving on to the next one
- Wash and disinfect fruits and vegetables.
- Wear only clothing when preparing and cooking food.



### PREVENTING CROSS-CONTAMINATION!

- Separate raw food from cooked food in the cold chain.
- Place meat and fish on the lowest shelves of the refrigerator to avoid contamination of other foods.
- Do not place cooked food in containers where raw meat, fish and seafood or unwashed fruit and vegetables have previously been.
- Maintain good hygiene in places where food is handled.

## **COOKING**



## COOK YOUR FOOD PROPERLY!

- Avoid eating "rare" meats.
- Avoid eggs, sauces and creams.
- Avoid reusing food from previous meals.
- Use clean water when preparing and cooking food.
- Ensure that the temperature of hot cooked food remains constant.
- Store the test sample of each meal in the cold for 72 hours.

## **REFRIGERATE**



# KEEP FOOD IN THE COLD!

- Store food that is susceptible to contamination in the cold chain and in suitable containers.
- Defrost food in the refrigerator.
- Keep food in the cold chain organized so that air can circulate, ensuring its proper preservation.
- Ensure that the temperature of the cold chain is below 4°C.

Note - These recommendations are issued as part of the prevention of vector-borne diseases during the period of World Youth Day 2023.



